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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/790,169	03/01/2004	Adrian C. Moga	BEA920030024US1	1020
49474 LAW OFFICE	7590 11/09/2007 S OF MICHAEL DRYJA		EXAMINER	
1474 N COOP	ER RD #105-248	,	LI, ZHUO H	
GILBERT, AZ	, 83233		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2185	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/09/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/790,169	MOGA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Zhuo H. Li	2185				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was prepared to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 Au	<u>ugust 2007</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 11)	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This Office action is in response to amendment filed 8/5/2007.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weber (US PAT. 6,631,448) in view of Steely, JR. et al. (US 2005/0160430 hereinafter Steely).

Regarding claim 1, Weber discloses a cache-coherent system (figure 3) comprising a memory having a plurality of memory units (1910, figure 3), a plurality of nodes (1920-1950)

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figure 3) employing a coherence protocol to maintain cache coherence of the memory (cool. 5 lines 33-54), a cache (1942, figure 3) within each node to temporarily store contents of the plurality of memory units (col. 5 lines 33-54), and logic within each node, i.e., mesh coherence unit (1911, 1943, and 130 in each of node, respectively (col. 5 lines 18-25), to determine whether a cache miss relating to a memory unit, i.e., local node memory, should be transmitted to a home node or owner node based on the status stored in the coherence directory (140, figure 3 and col. 5 line 33 through col. 6 line 6 and col. 6 lines 7-40), lesser in number than the plurality of nodes based on a criteria, i.e., status information of the requested cache line stored in the coherence directory of the requesting node (col. 5 lines 55 through col. 6 line 40). Weber differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching logic within each node to transmit the cache miss related to the memory unit to a sub-plurality of nodes greater than one. However, Steely teaches a multi-processor system including an owner predictor control that a processor is operable to generate two parallel requests for a desired cache line in response to cache miss, i.e., one request to home node and another request to predicted target processors as predicted by the owner predictor control ([0054] through [0056]) in order to reduce latency associated with retrieving data. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Weber in having logic within each node to transmit the cache miss related to the memory unit to a sub-plurality of nodes greater than one, as per teaching of Steely, in order to reduce latency associated with retrieving data.

Regarding claim 2, Weber discloses the system wherein the criteria includes whether, to ultimately reach an owning node for the memory unit (col. 5 line 55 through col. 6 line 3), such transmission is likely to reduce total communication traffic among the plurality of nodes and

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unlikely to increase latency as compared to broadcasting the cache miss to all of the plurality of nodes.

Regarding claim 3, Steely discloses the system wherein the logic, i.e., owner predictor control, within each node is to determine whether the node is a home node for the memory unit to which the cache miss relates in determining that transmission to the sub-plurality of node lesser in number than the plurality of nodes is likely to reduce total communication traffic among the plurality of nodes and unlikely to increase latency to ultimately reach the owning node for the memory unit ([0050] and [0054] through [0056]).

Regarding claim 4, Steely discloses the system wherein the sub-plurality of nodes comprises an owning node (i.e. predicted target processors) for the memory unit as stored at a directory of the home node ([0050]).

Regarding claim 5, Steely discloses the system wherein the logic, i.e., owner predictor control, within each node to determine whether the cache of the node has stored a hint, as to a potential owning node for the memory unit as a result of an earlier event in determining that transmission to the sub-plurality of nodes lesser in number than the plurality of nodes is likely to reduce total communication traffic among the plurality of nodes and unlikely to increase latency to ultimately reach the owning node for the memory unit (([0050] and [0054] through [0056]).

Regarding claim 6, Weber discloses the system wherein the event includes an invalidation of the memory unit by the potential owning node (col. 6 lines 8-49).

Regarding claim 7, Steely discloses the system wherein the sub-plurality of nodes comprises a home node (180, figure 3) of the memory, and the potential owning node (i.e. predicted target processors) for the memory unit ([0055] through [0056]).

Regarding claim 8, Steely discloses the system wherein the logic, i.e., owner predictor control, within each node is to determine whether the memory unit relates to a predetermined memory sharing pattern encompassing the one or more nodes in determining that transmission to the one of more nodes lesser in number than the plurality of nodes is likely to reduce total communication traffic among the plurality of nodes and unlikely to increase latency to ultimately reach the owning node for the memory unit ([0017]).

Regarding claim 9, Weber discloses a method comprising determining at a first node, i.e., requesting node (1940, figure 3) whether a cache miss relating to a memory unit of a shared memory system of a plurality of nodes (col. 5 line 33 through col. 6 line 3 and col. 6 lines 8-49) including the first node and employing a coherence protocol should be selectively broadcast to a home node or owner node based on the status stored in the coherence directory (140, figure 3 and col. 5 line 33 through col. 6 line 6 and col. 6 lines 7-40), lesser in number than the plurality of nodes based on a criteria, i.e., status information of the requested cache line stored in the coherence directory of the requesting node (col. 5 lines 55 through col. 6 line 40) in response to determining that the cache miss should be selectively broadcast to the sub-plurality of nodes, selectively broadcasting the cache miss by the first node to the sub-plurality of nodes (col. 5 line 55 through col. 6 line 3 and col. 6 lines 8-49, and col. 6 line 60 through col. 7 line 10). Weber differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching to broadcast the cache miss related to the memory unit to a sub-plurality of nodes greater than one. However, Steely teaches a multiprocessor system including an owner predictor control that a processor is operable to generate two parallel requests for a desired cache line in response to cache miss, i.e., one request to home node and another request to predicted target processors as predicted by the owner predictor

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control ([0054] through [0056]) in order to reduce latency associated with retrieving data. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Weber in having to broadcast the cache miss related to the memory unit to a sub-plurality of nodes greater than one, as per teaching of Steely, in order to reduce latency associated with retrieving data.

Regarding claim 10, Weber discloses a method further comprising in response to determining that the cache miss should not be selectively broadcast, broadcasting the cache miss by the first node to all the plurality of nodes, i.e., network request send out by the local node with snooping request to each of node in the multiple node system (col. 6 lines 8-49).

Regarding claim 11, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claim 2.

Regarding claim 12, Weber discloses a method wherein determining whether the cache miss should be selectively broadcast comprises determining whether the first node is a home node (1920, figure 3) for the memory unit, such that selectively broadcasting the cache miss comprises selectively broadcasting the cache miss to one node of the plurality of nodes as an owning node (1930, figure 3) for the memory unit as stored at a directory (140) of the first node as the home node for the memory unit (col. 5 line 55 through col. 6 line 3 and col. 6 lines 8-49).

Regarding claim 13, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claim 5.

Regarding claim 14, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claim 8.

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Regarding claim 15, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claim 9.

Regarding claims 16-17, the limitations of the claims are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claim 1.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zhuo H. Li whose telephone number is 571-272-4183. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 10:00am - 6:30pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sanjiv Shah can be reached on 571-272-4098. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Zhuo H. Li

Patent Examiner November 1, 2007

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